(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

# CTX-20 pH+



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# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

#### 1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: CTX-20 pH+
Chemical Name: sodium carbonate
Index No: 011-005-00-2
CAS No: 497-19-8
EC No: 207-838-8

Registration No: 01-2119485498-19-XXXX

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance and uses advised against.

pH regulator

#### Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: Fluidra Comercial España

Address: Pintor Velazquez 10
City: 08213 Polinyà
Province: (Barcelona) Spain
Thelepone: 902 42 32 22
E-mail: clientes@fluidra.es

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** Anti poisoning Centre: ITALY (Rome): 06/305 43 43, SPAIN:+34 91 562 04 20, FRANCE (Paris): 01 40 05 48 48 (Tolousse): 05 61 77 74 47, PORTUGAL: 808 250 143

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008: Eye Irrit. 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

#### 2.2 Label elements.

### Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:



#### Signal Word:

### Warning

H statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

P statements:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Contains:

sodium carbonate

#### 2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

#### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.**

3.1 Substances.

 Chemical Name:
 sodium carbonate

 Index No:
 011-005-00-2

 CAS No:
 497-19-8

 CE No:
 207-838-8

Registration No: 01-2119485498-19-XXXX

**3.2 Mixtures.** Not Applicable.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

#### <u>Inhalation</u>

If wearing contact lenses, remove them. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

#### Eve contact.

If wearing contact lenses, remove them. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

#### Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. **NEVER** use solvents or thinners.

### Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. **NEVER** induce vomiting.

Remove the person from the contaminated area.

If the person is unconscious, lay on his side with head lower and knees half bent.

Keep body temperature.

Move to the intoxicated person to a hospital and, whenever possible, bring the container or label.

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the

product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate. Can cause allergic reactions.

Contact with skin: irritation. Contact with eyes: irritation.

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Swallowing: irritation to mucosal and digestive tract corrosion.

Nausea Vomiting

Delayed hypersensitivity

Hepatic-renal disorders and neurotoxic.

Inhalation: irritation to mucosal and respiratory tract.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

The dilution with water or milk is appropiate if there was no vomiting (adults from 120 - 140 ml,

children do not exceed 120 ml).

Contraindication: Neutralization with bicarbonate.

In case of ingestion, assess the performance of an endoscopy.

Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

#### Recommended extinguishing methods.

Extinguisher powder or  $CO_2$ . In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray. Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance.

#### Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways.

#### Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and gloves.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

The contaminated area should be immediately cleaned with an appropriate de-contaminator. Pour the decontaminator on the remains in an opened container and let it act various days until no further reaction is produced.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

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For personal protection, see section 8. Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 35° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s).

PH regulator for swimming pool water

#### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.**

#### 8.1 Control parameters.

The product does NOT contain substances with Professional Exposure Environmental Limit Values. The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls.

#### Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %				
Uses:	pH regulator				
<b>Breathing protecti</b>	on:				
If the recommended	technical measures are observed, no individual protection equipment is necessary.				
Hand protection:					
If the product is hand	dled correctly, no individual protection equipment is necessary.				
Eye protection:					
PPE: Characteristics:	Protective goggles against particle impacts.  «CE» marking, category II. Eye protector against dust and smoke.				
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168				
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.				
Observations:	Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, scraping etc.				
Skin protection:					
PPE:	Work footwear.				
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.				
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN 20347				
Maintenance:	This product adapts to the first user's foot shape. That is why, as well as for hygienic reasons, it should not be used by other people.				
Observations:	Work footwear for professional use includes protection elements aimed at protecting users against any injury resulting from an accident				

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance:Cristallyne solid Colour: White Odour:Odourless Odour threshold:N.A./N.A. pH:11,17 (.4%) Melting point:851 °C

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Boiling Point: N.A./N.A. Flash point: N.A./N.A. Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A./N.A. Vapour density:N.A./N.A.

Relative density:1.05 (20 °C) g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility: N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: 215 g/l (20°C)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A. Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: No

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

#### 9.2. Other information.

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.**

#### 10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability.

Unstable in contact with:

- Acids.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Neutralization can occur on contact with acids.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

- Avoid contact with acids.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

- Acids.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

Depending on conditions of use, can be generated the following products:

- Corrosive vapors or gases.

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.**

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation.

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

#### Toxicological information.

Name	Acute toxicity			
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value
sodium carbonate	Oral	LD50	Rat	2800 mg/kg bw [1]

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			1	, ,	Acute Oral Toxicity Study in Irces Unit, Bio/dynamics Inc., May
			LD50	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg bw [1]
		Dermal	[1] Rinehart, WE, Acute Dermal Toxicity Study in Rabbits,  Toxicological Resources Unit, Bio/dynamics Inc., 1978.		
CAS No: 497-19-8	EC No: 207-838-8	Inhalation	LC50	Mouse	1.2 mg/l (2 h)

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Product classified:

Eye irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Test: Reproductive Toxicity - Route: Oral = 179 mg/kg

sodium carbonate - CAS: 497-19-8

h) STOT-single exposure;

Not conclusive data for classification.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard;

Not conclusive data for classification.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.**

### 12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity				
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
		LC50	Lepomis macrochirus	300 mg/L (96 h) [1]	
sodium carbonate	Fish	[1] Cairns J, Scheier A (1959). The relationship of bluegill sunfish body size to tolerance for some common chemicals. Proc. 13th Ind. Work. Conf., Purdue Univ., Engineering Bull., 43, 242-253.			
	Aguatic	EC50	Ceriodaphnia sp.	200 mg/L (48 h) [1]	

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		invertebrates	[1] Warne MS, Schifko AD (1999). Toxicity of laundry detergent components to a freshwater cladoceran and their contribution to detergent toxicity. Ecotoxicol. Environ. Saf., 44, 196-206.
CAS No: 497-19-8	EC No: 207-838-8	Aquatic plants	

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potencial.

No information is available regarding the bioaccumulation.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.

The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

### **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.**

Transportation is not dangerous. In case of road accident causing the product's spillage, proceed in accordance with point 6. **14.1 UN number.** 

Transportation is not dangerous.

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Transportation is not dangerous.

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Transportation is not dangerous.

#### 14.4 Packing group.

Transportation is not dangerous.

# 14.5 Environmental hazards.

Transportation is not dangerous.

## 14.6 Special precautions for user.

Transportation is not dangerous.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code.

Transportation is not dangerous.

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#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

See annex I of the Directive 96/82/EC of 9 December 1996 on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

There has been no evaluation a chemical safety assessment of the product.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.**

Classification codes:

Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Information on the TSCA Inventory (Toxic Substances Control Act) USA:

CAS No	Name	State
497-19-8	sodium carbonate	Registered

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
PPE: Personal protection equipment.
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.